

تحت رعاية
معالي الوزير الأستاذ الدكتور/ رضا حجازي
ورئيس الادارة المركزية لتطوير
المناهج
الأستاذ الدكتور/ أكرم حسن

شرح مفصل وتمارين متنوعة
لمنهج اللغة الانجليزية **New Hello!**
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مستشار اللغة الانجليزية

Unit (1) Coming Home**Lessons (1&2)****Key vocabulary**

Word	Meaning	Example
daily (adj)	يومي	I go to the baker's with my mother daily .
routine (n)	روتين	I have a usual way to do things. This is called a routine .
interview (n)	مقابلة / حوار	She has a / an interview with the actress.
website (n)	موقع على الانترنت	I have a website on the internet.
skills (n)	مهارات	Using the computer needs many skills .
message (n)	رسالة	I have received a lot of messages today.
block (n)	عمارة سكنية	Our block of flats overlooks the sea.
partner	شريك	I need a partner to play chess.
activities (n)	أنشطة	Let's do some activities in the club.
sofa	هوايات	Come and sit on this sofa . Four people can sit on it.
interests (n)	اهتمامات	Reading is one of my interests .
free time (n)	وقت الفراغ	I like playing football in my free time .
article (n)	مقال	I read an article about pollution.

Definitions أهم التعريفات

routine	روتين	Your usual way of doing something
interview	مقابلة شخصية	A formal meeting to get a job or ask someone some questions
block of flats	عمارة سكنية	A tall building with more than one floor
partner	شريك	One of two people or one of the owners

Words and expressions تعبيرات

daily routine	روتين يومي	work at the hospital	يعمل في مستشفى
get up at ...	يستيقظ الساعة ...	get home/ come home	يعود للمنزل
in the morning	في الصباح	help to make	يساعد في عمل
makes breakfast	يحضر الافطار	do homework	يعمل الواجب
go by bus	يذهب بالأتوبيس	on the sofa	على الكنبه
listen to music	يستمع للموسيقى	text my friends	يرسل رسائل للأصدقاء
an interview with	مقابله مع	that's why	لذلك السبب
on the right	على اليمين	have breakfast with	يتناول الافطار مع
walk to school	يمشي للمدرسة	gets to work	يصل للعمل
play chess	يلعب شطرنج	favorite subject	المادة المفضلة

Irregular verbs

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
come	came	come	يأتي
spend	spent	spent	يفضي - ينفق
see	saw	seen	يري
sleep	slept	slept	ينام

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية**1. routine** روتين يومي

➤ My daily **routine** is the same every day.

2. help + مصدر / to + مصدر + مفعول

➤ He **helps** me **make** food.

➤ He **helps** me **to make** food.

3. by + وسيلة مواصلات / in + فاصل + car / taxi / on + فاصل + bus / train / plane / ship

➤ We go to school **on** foot.

➤ We go to school **by** car.

➤ We go to school **in** our car.

➤ We go to school **on** the bus.

Reading

Lesson 1

About Mariam

I am Mariam. My daily routine is the same every school day! I always get up at 6:30 in the morning. My mum always makes my breakfast. I go to school by bus with my friend, Dina. Sometimes, we listen to music. My parents work at the hospital. They get home late, so I often help to make dinner. In the evening, I do my homework, read on the sofa, watch TV and text my friends. Then I go to bed.

Lesson 2

My best friend's family

Hi everyone. Today's interview is with my best friend Sherifa and her family. Here's a photo of us. Sherifa is on the right.

How many people are in your family?

There are five people me, Mum, Dad and two brothers.

When do you get up?

I usually get up at 6:30 and help Mum make breakfast. My brothers help, too. My dad starts work very early, so he leaves home before we get up. That's why he doesn't have breakfast with us. He eats when he gets to work. I walk to school with my brothers.

Do you like to study?

Yes, I do. My favorite subject is English.

What do you do in the evening?

I often listen to music. My dad and I sometimes play chess. My brothers always watch TV and my mum usually reads.

Exercises on vocabulary

- 1-.....is a game for two people.
a. football b. handball c. chess d. volleyball
- 2- This is a photo.....my family .
a. at b. for c. of d. in
- 3-We play games with the children and them stories
a. listen b. read c. watch d. learn
- 4-My favourite schoolis Arabic
a. sport b.day c.subject d.number
- 5- My parents sometimes getlate.
a. at home b- for home c to home d. home
- 6- After lunch, Ahmed.....his homework.
a. eats b. plays c. does d. makes
- 7-My daily is the same every school day!
a. root b. work c. routine d. way
- 8-I go to school bus with my friend, Dina.
a. at b. for c. by d. on
- 9-I go to the baker's with my mother.....; we always buy bread in the morning.
a. day b. dairy c.daily d.dial
- 10-Come and sit on this..... . It is comfortable.
a.sofa b. bag c. soft d. text
- 11-My brothers always.....TV in the evening.
a.listen b. go c help s. watch
- 12-I saw Ahmed's father on his to work this morning.
a. away b. way c. say d. street
- 13-My brother always me with my school work.
a. eats b. helps c. spends d. sits
- 14-She has a / an.....with the actress.
a. interview b. internet c. right d. baker's
- 15- bed after having dinner at 10 o'clock.
a. Listen to b. Go to c. Read on d. Help to
16. I go to the baker's with my mother, we buy bread in the morning.
a. day b. dairy c.daily d.dial
- 17- "....." is the opposite of different.
a. The same b. Sum c. Some d. Suit
18. Dinner is my favourite.....
a. meal b. wheel c. subject d. language
- 19- People always share their photos with friends on their.....
a. flags b. black c. logs d. blogs
- 20- Egypt is the greatest.....in Africa.
a. city b. village c. country d. continent
- 21- We do many.....in the club.
a. cooking b. activities c. homework d. housework

Language**Present Simple Tense .**

1 – يتكون المضارع البسيط من المصدر بدون أي إضافات إذا كان الفاعل (I / We / You / They) أو اسم جمع

- I **play** football every day.
- They **go** to school by bus.
- The boys **watch** TV on Fridays.

2 – ويضاف للفعل (s / es / ies) إذا جاء الفاعل (He / She / It) أو اسم مفرد

- He **plays** basketball.
- Ali **studies** English
- She **watches** TV in the evening.

3 – تصريف الفعل يكون (be) في المضارع يكون (am / is / are)

- I **am** ready for the exam.
- She **is** at school.
- They **are** kind and friendly.

4 – يتم نفي المضارع البسيط كالآتي

1 – إذا جاء الفعل بدون إضافات نستخدم (مصدر + don't)

1. They **watch** the film.
- They **don't watch** TV.
2. We **study** French on Friday.
- We **don't study** French on Friday.

2 – إذا جاء الفعل مضاف إليه (s / es / ies) نستخدم (مصدر + doesn't)

1. She **writes** e-mails.
- She **doesn't write** e-mails.
2. He **plays** football.
- He **doesn't play** football.

يمكن استخدام كلمة (never) بدلا من (don't / doesn't)

مصدر + never = مصدر + don't
مصدر + never + s / es / ies = مصدر + doesn't

1. They **don't** write English.
- They **never** write English.
2. He **doesn't** write English.
- He **never** writes English.

5 - في حالة تكوين السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد تكون الإجابة (Yes, / No,) ويتكون السؤال كالاتي

Do / Does + مصدر بدون اضافات + فاعل?

1. **Do** you play football?
Yes, I do
Yes, I play football.
2. **Does** he play football?
Yes, he does.
No, he doesn't play football.

6 - أما السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون السؤال كالاتي وتكون الإجابة على أداة الاستفهام

.....? مصدر بدون اضافات + فاعل + do / does + أداة استفهام

1. **Where** do you live?
➤ I live in Cairo.
2. **When** does he arrive?
➤ He arrives at 7 o'clock.

7 - يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن :

1 - الحقائق العلمية (facts)

- The sun **rises** in the east.
- The earth **is** bigger than the moon.

2 - يستخدم مع ظروف التكرار مثل (always / sometimes / usually) للتعبير عن عادات في المضارع

- Basant **always** goes to school by car.
- They **usually** visit their uncle.

تأتي ظروف التكرار بعد (am / is / are) وتأتي قبل أي فعل آخر مثل (play / arrive)

- He **is** always late.
- He **always** arrives late.

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع ظروف التكرار للتعبير عن مدى تكرار فعل ما

Always دائماً	%100	Usually عادة	70- 80%	often غالباً	60- 70%
sometimes أحياناً	%50	occasionally	%10	never أبداً	%0

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. He.....English every day.

- a. study b. studies c. studying d. is studying

2. She doesn't to school on Friday.

- a. go b. goes c. going d. went

3. They write letters.

- a. doesn't b. aren't c. don't d. isn't

4. She ready for the exam.

- a. doesn't b. don't c. aren't d. isn't

5. He always his bed.

- a. make b. makes c. made d. making

6.you like tennis? Yes, I do.

- a. Do b. Does c. Did d. Are

7. The sun in the morning.

- a. rise b. rising c. rises d. sets

8. He clever.

- a. is always b. always is c. never is d. often is

9. Do you..... English?

- a. speak b. speaks c. is speaking d. is spoken

10. Dina arrives late.

- a. doesn't b. don't c. isn't d. never

11.Mohamed like fish?

- a. Do b. Does c. Is d. Are

13. She never..... Aswan.

- a. visit b. visiting c. visits d. to visiting

14.you ready for the game? – Yes, I am.

- a. Do b. Does c. Did d. Are

15-Dina goes swimming on Thursday and Saturday.She.....goes swimming.

- a. never b.sometimes c. always d.usually

16- Amir.....walks to school on Sunday.

- a. often b. ever c. some time d.usual

17-I have breakfast at 7 o'clock every morning. I.....have breakfast at that time.

- a. often b. never c. usually d.always

18-We go to school on Fridays.

- a. never b. always c. usually d. sometimes

19-..... do you listen to English? Rarely.

- a. How often b. What c. Where d. Which

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1-Does he often (goes) out this evening?

2-Ali..... (goes often) to school by bus.

3-My teacher always (work) very hard.

4-How often (do) Sami go swimming a week?

5-I always (listens) to the teacher carefully.

6-My brothers usually..... (watching) TV before they go to bed.

7. My father.....(plays never) chess at home.

Lessons (3&4)

Key Vocabulary:

word	meaning	Example
prison (n)	السجن	The crimenals are put in a preson .
railway ine (n)	خط سكة حديد	The train travels on a railway line.
poor (adj)	فقير	He was very poor so he couldn't buy food.
share (v)	يشارك	I share the room with my brother.
together (adj) (adv)	سويا / معا	I and my friend play together .
attractive (adj)	جذاب	The green lands are attractive .
large (adj)	كبير / واسع	Large means very big.
terrible (adj)	سيء	The food was terrible . I couldn't eat it.
feed (v)	يطعم	The cat feeds its babies.
tap (n)	صنبور / حنفية	You can turn on the tap to get water.
watermelon (n)	بطيخ	I like eating watermelon .
adventures (n)	مغامرات	I like reaing adventures stories.

Definitions أهم التعريفات

prison	السجن	A place where the crimenals are caught.
railway line	خط سكة حديد	The road that a train travels on.
poor	فقير	Having no or not enough money.
attractive	جذاب	beautiful

large	كبير / واسع	very big
terrible	سيء جدا	very bad

Words and expressions

around the world	حول العالم	get...from	يحصل من
live in a village	يعيش في قرية	have breakfast	يتناول الافطار
live with family	يعيش مع الأسرة	with a cup of tea	مع كوب من الشاي
share....with	يشارك - يفتسم مع	works in a shop	يعمل في محل
get up	يستيقظ	do jobs	يقوم بمهام او اعمال
at the end of	في نهاية	get home from	يعود للمنزل من
help to do	يساعد في عمل	feed chickens	يطعم الدجاج
make dinner	يصنع العشاء	go to bed	يذهب ليناام
the 1900s	القرن الـ 20	move from...to...	ينتقل من الى
with a large garden	له حديقة كبيرة	difficult for them	صعب عليهم
take away from	ياخذ بعيد	have adventures	يوافه مغامرات
becomes their friend	يصبح صديقهم	travels on the train	يسافر بالقطار
in many ways	بطرق كثيرة	in prison for	في السجن بسبب
be together again	يكون سويا مره اخرى	do something bad	يفعل شيء خطأ

Irregular verbs

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
get	got	got	يصل / يحصل على
feed	fed	fed	يطعم
make	made	made	يصنع
take	took	taken	ياخذ
know	knew	known	يعرف

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. **share** + شيء **with**..... مع يشارك او يتقاسم الشيء مع

➤ I **share** the room with my brother.

2. **tape** / حنفية / صنوبر **tap**

➤ They get water from the **tap** at the end of the street.

3. **have breakfast** يتناول الافطار / **make breakfast** يصنع او يجهز الافطار

➤ We **have breakfast** at 7 in the morning.

➤ I always help mum **make breakfast**.

4. **do jobs** يعمل واجب المدرسة / **do homework** يقوم بأعمال المنزل / **do housework** يقوم بأعمال / مهام

- When I get home, I have many **jobs** to **do**.
- I help mum to **do housework**.

5. 1990 / 1990s فترة التسعينات

- He was born **in 1990**.
- They lived in Tanta **in the 1990s**.

6. **go to prison** يذهب للسجن لزيارة شخص / **go to the prison** يذهب للسجن لانه فعل شيء خطأ

- He went to **prison** because he stole the money.
- He went to **the prison** to visit his friend.

Reading

Lives around the world

My name is Shahana. I am from India. I live in a village with my parents, my brother and my sister. I share a room with my sister. We all get up early. There is an outside tap at the end of the street where we live. My Mum gets water from the tap every morning. Then we all have breakfast. We have bread with a cup of tea. My dad works in a shop. I have two jobs to do when I get home from school. I feed the chickens, then I help my mum make dinner. After dinner, I do my homework. Sometimes I help my brother and sister to do their homework, too. Then I go to bed.

The Railway children

By E Nesbit

It is the 1900s. Roberta, her younger brother Peter and their little sister, Phyllis live with their parents in London. They have a big, attractive home with a large garden. One terrible day, two men take their father away from home. The children don't know where he is going or why. The children move from the city with their mother to a small house near a railway line. The family are poor and life is very different for them. The children have lots of adventures near the railway line. A kind old man who travels on the train every day, becomes their friend.

The old man helps the family in many ways. He helps their father too because their father is in prison for something he didn't do. Finally, their father comes home. The family is so happy to be together again at last.

Exercises on vocabulary**1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d:**

1. A.....is a place where the crimenals are caught.
a. park b. prison c. funfair d. club
2. The train travels on a.....line.
a. railway b. high way c. smart way d. home way
- 3- My aunt is very..... . She always gives me big presents!
a. bad b.kind c.friendly d. sad
4. "....." means beautiful and nice.
a. Lazy b. Silly c. ugly d. attractive
5. It was dark, I can't.....the thief.
a. describe b. sees c. watches d. helps
6. Very bad means "....."
a. terrible b. attractive c. interesting d. modern
7. To give food to an animal means to it.
a. feel b. fail c. feed d. fan
8. I live in a city, but my grandparents live in a small..... in the country.
a) country b) village c) cave d) mountain
9. I a room with my brother.
a. steal b. share c. shake d. shape
10. I like..... I enjoy travelling to new places.
a. sleeping b. adventures c. theft d. death
- 11-The farmer doesn't need to..... his goats, as they can find their food in the mountains.
a. feed b. eat c. clean d. keep
12. My uncle has a.....in the garden and he uses it to water his plants.
a. tap b. tip c. tape d. tube
13. Hassan forgot to bring any food for the picnic, but he can our food.
a.share b.feed c.shade d.wash
14. My six - - old daughter likes swimming.
a. year b. years c. years' d. year's
15. She went to because she killed the man.
a. prison b. theatre c. cinema d. tent
16. I went to the library to some books.
a. steal b. speak c. borrow d. lend
17. Life in the is quiet.
a. city b. town c. countryside d. train station

Key vocabulary:

Lessons (5&6&7)

Word	Meaning	Examples
belong to (v.)	يخص	This bedroom belongs to me.
armchair (n)	كرسي ذو ذراعين	The armchair is red.
basin (n)	حوض	You can wash your face in this basin .
carpet (n)	سجادة	The carpet is very old.
chest of drawers	كومودينو	She puts her ring in the chest of drawers .
curtains	ستائر	We close the curtains at night.
lamp	مصباح - اباجورة	The lamp gives you light.
mirror	مرآة	The mirror is in front of the bed.
sofa	كنبة	The sofa is red and white.
wardrobe	دولاب ملابس	I put my clothes in the wardrobe .
bookshelf	رف الكتب	He has a lamp on his bookshelf .
behind	وراء	The chair is behind the table.
in front of	أمام	The sofa is in front of the window.
next to	بجوار	The school is next to the bank.
opposite	مقابل	The museum is opposite the hospital.
on	على	He has a lamp on his bookshelf.
under	تحت	My bed is under the window.
in	في	I like to read in the library.
share	يشارك	I share a room with my sister.
nature reserves	محميات طبيعية	There are many nature reserves in Egypt.

nearby	مجاور	There are some nice parks nearby .
information	معلومات	They have a lot of information about nature.
daily routine	النظام اليومي	My daily routine is the same every day.
large x small	كبير	We have a large house.
penfriend	صديق المراسلة	My penfriend is German .
nationalities	جنسيات	Egyptian, French and British are nationalities.

Remember:

* We use prepositions of place to say where things are :

Behind / in front of / next to / opposite / on / under / in

Conjugation of Irregular verbs

verb	meaning	past	p.p
read	يقرأ	read	read
sleep	ينام	slept	slept
go	يذهب	went	gone
meet	يقابل	met	met
get up	يستيقظ	got up	got up
make	يصنع	made	made
send	يرسل	send	send
write	يكتب	wrote	written
put	يضع	put	put
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten

Definitions أهم التعريفات

basin	حوض	a container where you wash your face.
lamp	مصباح	an object that produces light
curtains	ستائر	cloth put on windows to keep light out
mirror	مرآة	a piece of special glass that you can look at and see yourself in
carpets	سجاد	something for covering floors or stairs
armchair	كرسي بمسند	a comfortable chair with sides that you can rest your arms on
wardrobe	دولاب ملابس	a large cupboard that you hang يعلق clothes in

Words and expressions

wooden furniture	اثاث خشبي	on Saturdays	في أيام السبت
on the front	في الأمام	able to + مصدر	قادر على
in a flat	في شقة	want to + مصدر	يريد
do homework	يعمل الواجب	thanks for	يشكر على
look out of	ينظر من	get up at	يستيقظ الساعة كذا
play computer games	يلعب ألعاب كمبيوتر	makes breakfast	يصنع الفطار
made from wood	مصنوع من الخشب	on the floor	على الأرضية
covered in gold	مغطى بالذهب	tell about	يحكي أو يخبر عن
read in bed	يقرأ في سريرة	match the carpet	يطابق السجادة
on the window	على الشباك	the best thing is	أفضل شيء هو
with the curtains open	الستائر تكون مفتوحة	far from	بعيد عن

Reading

Dear Rebecca,

It is very nice to meet you. My name is Judy. I am from El Fayoum. It is a large city with beautiful nature reserves nearby. I live with my parents and my brother in a flat. My grandparents live in a flat downstairs.

On Saturdays, I usually get up early and help my grandmother with her shopping, then I read or do my homework. In the afternoons, I visit my friends or play computer games with my brother. My favourite subjects are maths and English. Thank you for being my penfriend. I am happy to be able to practise my English.

I hope to hear from you soon,

Judy

Videoscript

Narrator:

This is a chair from Ancient Egypt, and it is more than four thousand years old. Like many chairs today, it is made from wood. In Ancient Egypt, only the richest people had wooden furniture because it was very expensive. Today, most people have wooden furniture and it is not usually very expensive. We all sit on chairs at home. But in Ancient Egypt, only very rich people used chairs. Other people sat on the floor.

Here is another chair from Ancient Egypt. It is made from wood, but it is covered in gold. Can you see the lions' heads? It belonged to the pharaoh, Tutankhamun. You can see it in the Museum of Egyptian Antiquities in Cairo. We believe that the Ancient Egyptians made the very first tables. This table is more than 3,000 years old. Today, tables are usually made from wood. But in Ancient Egypt, they were sometimes made from stone. They used tables for many things, such as writing, eating and playing games. The Ancient Egyptians also used mirrors. Today, mirrors are usually made from glass. This mirror is more than 3,000 years old and it is made from metal. Do you look at yourself in a mirror when you leave home? What other furniture do you have at home?

Listening

Boy My room is small, but it's really attractive. I have a lamp on a bookshelf next to my bed so I can read at night. I have a wardrobe with a mirror on the front, and my desk is under the window. Do you like my curtains? The colour matches the carpet. The best thing about my room is the sofa. I can sit there and read or watch videos on my computer.

Girl My bed is under the window. There are cushions on it! Sometimes I sleep with the curtains open because I like to look out of the window! I've got lots of books, and I like to sit and read in the big armchair. I keep some clothes in the chest of drawers. Our bathroom is downstairs, but I have a basin in my room, where I can wash my face before I go to bed.

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. There is a big..... on my floor.

- a. curtain b. carpet c. basin d. windows
2. He wants abroad.
- a. travel b. travels c. travelling d. to travel
3. There is a of drawers where I put my clothes.
- a. chase b. choose c. cheese d. chest
4. People use a so that they can see themselves.
- a. armchair b. mirror c. curtain d. book
5.are put on windows to stop light.
- a. curtains b. carpets c. beds d. caves
6. He can't walk after the accident, so he uses a / an
- a. stick b. armchair c. stair d. lift
7. The curtains.....the carpets, they look attractive.
- a. match b. hate c. dislike d. unlike
8. This mobile to my sister.
- a. longs b. belongs c. steals d. catches
9. We have beautiful.....at home. It is new.
- a. beds b. curtains c. carpets d. furniture
10. El Fayoum has beautiful nature.....
- a. reserves b. surfs c. carts d. cars
11. A gives us light at home.
- a. lamp b. comb c. lamb d. camp
12. He in France with his family.
- a. arrived b. reached c. got d. gets
13. You must a ticket to go into the stadium.
- a. serve b. reserve c. preserve d. surf
14. My favourite is lunch.
- a. subject b. meal c. hobby d. colour
15. We can use a chest of drawers or a / an.....to keep our clothes.
- a. armchair b. mirror c. wardrobe d. basin
16. There are curtains the windows of my flat.
- a. in b. on c. under d. beside
17. He likes.....sports.
- a. watch b. make c. practise d. doing
18. In my room, I have a small.....to wash my hands and face.
- a. curtain b. carpet c. basin d. pool
19. I go to the club.....Saturdays.
- a. in b. at c. with d. on
20. Although my room is small, it is.....I like it.
- a. boring b. messy c. attractive d. ugly

TEST ON UNIT 1

1 .Listen and choose the correct answer from a , b ,c or d

(4 marks, 1 mark each)

1. When does uncle Ali start work?

- a. **5 am** b. **6 am** c. **7 am** d. **8 am**

2. What does uncle Ali sell ?

- a. **fruit** b. **meat** c. **bread** d. **rice**

3. What is uncle Ali feeling now?

- a. **thirsty** b. **cold** c. **hot** d. **hungry**

4. What does uncle Ali want to drink now?

- a. **cinnamon** b. **tea** c. **coffee** d. **water**

2 . complete the following dialogue:

(4 marks, 1 mark each)

Salma : Where are you from ?

Dina : I'm(1) El-Fayoum.

Salma : Is El Fayoum a beautiful city ?

Dina : Yes, it is. It has beautiful nature(2)

Salma :(3) do you live with ?

Dina : I live with my parents, my sister and my brother.

Salma : Have you(4) internet at home ?

Dina : Yes, It helps me to do research or to communicate with my friends.

Salma : Great. Do you have any (5) ?

Dina : Yes, I have one from England and another from Germany .

3. Read the following , then answer the questions : (4½marks)

It was a rainy day in January. The farmers were in their fields. A boy ran towards them shouting for help. He told them that the river was coming

up and they were in danger. They didn't believe him because he was just a little boy. An hour later, the high water in the river came over the land. The farmers now knew that the boy's words were true. They tried to save their fields and houses, but they couldn't control the water of the river. They had to run away. They were sad because they lost both their crops and houses. In the afternoon, some engineers came with a number of machines and dug a canal from the river. Some machines were also used to pump the water out of the fields.

A) Answer the following questions: (½mark each)

4-The underlined pronoun "They" refers to

- a) fields b) machines c) engineers d)farmers

5.The farmers were sad because they lost

- a) their pumps b) their crops and houses c) machines d) their children

6- A/An.....took the woman to the hospital

- a- ambulance b. accident c. policeman d. car

B) Answer the following questions: (1 mark each)

1. Why was the boy shouting?

.....

2. Why did the engineers come?

.....

3. Which season was it?

.....

4. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d: (5 marks-½ mark each)

1- Oneday, the police took my father away from home.

- a. terrible b. attractive c. fantastic d. typical

2. Men often don't like totheir problems.

- a. share b.feed c.look d.wash

3. When I looked at the I couldn't believe it. I looked fantastic!

- a) lamp b) mirror c) carpet d) curtain

4.My daughter spends nearly all her timeher friends

- a. texting b. sending c. listening d. playing

5. My brother has an importanttoday. He hopes to get the new job.

- a) routine b) review c)hobby d) interview

6. My Neighbour was sent to as he did something wrong.

- a. school b.bank c.railway d. prison

7. People put.....across windows to keep the light out.

- a. rugs b.curtains c.cushions d.sheets

8. Omar..... . That's why he is always fit.

a. is smoking b. don't smokes c. doesn't smokes d. never smokes

9. On Saturdays, My sister and brother.....up at 11 o'clock.

a.get always b.always gets c. always get d.gets always

10.Hi!.....we visit your cousin next weekend?

a.Are b.Did c.Were d.Shall

5. complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets:

(2 marks-1/2 mark each)

1. My dad(eats usually) cheese and bread for breakfast.

2. How(your father) go to work?

3. Samy.....(not live) in the city.

4. My daily routine(be) the same every day.

6]write a paragraph of (90) words on:

(6 marks)

"Your daily routine"

1- Listening:

Uncle Ali has a bakery in our street. He starts work at five o'clock in the morning. His bread is very nice. At this moment he is very hot. He wants someone to bring him some water.